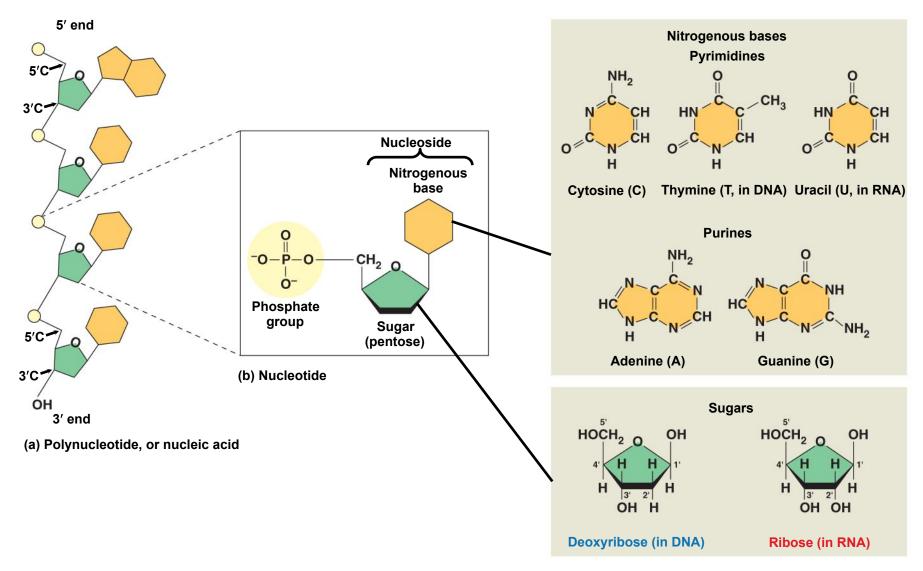
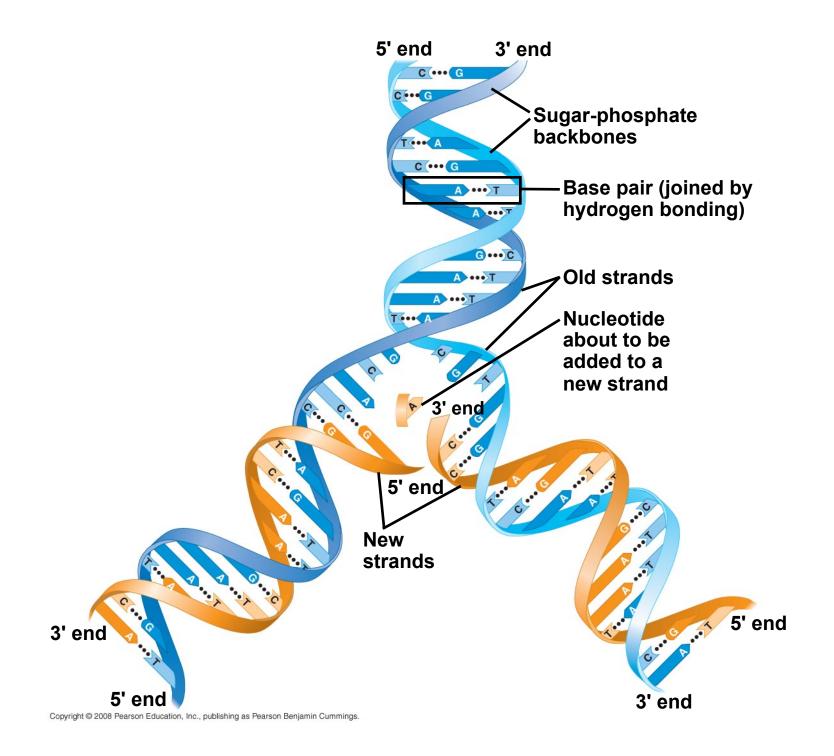
Restriction Enzymes

- Discovered in bacteria
- •Allow bacteria to protect themselves from viri
- Specialized proteins (enzymes) that act as nucleases
- •Break bonds between nucleotides (building blocks of nucleic acids, including DNA)
- •Recognize specific, short sequences of nucleotides in DNA
- •Cleave DNA at the recognition sites



(c) Nucleoside components: sugars

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Enzyme 🔺	Source м	Recognition Sequence M	Cut 🖂
Alul*	Arthrobacter luteus	5'AGCT 3'TCGA	5'AG CT3' 3'TC GA5'
BamHI	Bacillus amyloliquefaciens	5'GGATCC 3'CCTAGG	5'G GATCC3' 3'CCTAG G5'
EcoP15I	Escherichia coli	5'CAGCAGN ₂₅ NN 3'GTCGTCN ₂₅ NN	5'CAGCAGN ₂₅ NN3' 3'GTCGTCN ₂₅ NN5'
EcoRI	Escherichia coli	5'GAATTC 3'CTTAAG	5'G AATTC3' 3'CTTAA G5'
EcoRII	Escherichia coli	5'CCWGG 3'GGWCC	5' CCWGG3' 3'GGWCC5'
EcoRV*	Escherichia coli	5'GATATC 3'CTATAG	5'GAT ATC3' 3'CTA TAG5'
Haelli*	Haemophilus aegyptius	5'GGCC 3'CCGG	5'GG CC3' 3'CC GG5'
Hgal ^[33]	Haemophilus gallinarum	5'GACGC 3'CTGCG	5'NN NN3' 3'NN NN5'
HindIII	Haemophilus influenzae	5'AAGCTT 3'TTCGAA	5'A AGCTT3' 3'TTCGA A5'

